| Date of first publication in IRRI Website               | 11 September 2017   |
|---|---|
| Edited Publication and Publication Date in IRRI website | 14 June 2019  |
| Title of the Application                                | Breeding Methods for Enhanced Grain Yield and Related Materials and Methods |
| Application Date  | 03 February 2014  |
| Application Number                                      | PCT/IB2014/000607   |
| Publication Number                                      | W0/2014/118636  |
| Publication Date  | 07 August 2014  |
| Link to the WIPO Website                                |   |

https://patentscope.wipo.int/search/en/detail.jsf?docId=W02014118636&redirectedID=true

**Status of the Applications** 

National phase applications in India, Philippines, Thailand, USA, China and Vietnam were abandoned in 2017; for Brazil application, it was abandoned in2016

## BACKGROUND

Total spikelet number per panicle ("TSN") is one of the key traits that determine grain productivity in rice (*Oryza sativa* L.). Using the tropical *japonica* variety "Daringan", as a donor parent, the team of Dr. Tom Ishimaru at IRRI, in collaboration with Japan International Research Center for Agricultural Services (JIRCAS) and the National Agriculture and Food Research Organization (NARO), discovered the *SPIKE* gene that initially appeared to have the potential to increase grain yield of *indica* varieties.

In the patent application based on initial results, a gene, *SPIKE* (or "SPIKELET NUMBER"), was found to apparently enhance grain yield of *indica* cultivars, through pleiotropic effect on plant architecture. Phenotypic analyses of near-isogenic lines ("NILs") based on the popular *indica* rice cultivar IR64 carrying SPIKE initially revealed increased spikelet number, enlarged leaf size, enlarged root system, and an increased number of vascular bundles, indicating the enhancement of source size and translocation capacity as well as sink size. In controlled trials, the Spike NIL line achieved a 20% yield increase, with no negative effect on grain appearance. Expression analysis also revealed that *SPIKE* was ubiquitously expressed in panicles, leaves, roots, and culms. In initial experiments, *SPIKE* was found to increase grain yield by up to 18% in the released *indica* cultivar IRRI 146.

Based on those initial results, a patent application was initiated. Also, NILs for *SPIKE* were made available to partners under non-exclusive R&D licenses, granted free of charge, with the aim to reproduce yield experiments. *SPIKE* licenses granted by IRRI were non-exclusive R&D licenses only, with no

commercial rights granted. In parallel, IRRI conducted additional agronomic trials. The new agronomic experiments, performed at larger scale, and in different agro-climatic conditions, finally showed that a consistently significant and reliable increase in yield could not be achieved. The continuation of the patenting and licensing strategy was not justified, and the patents have been allowed to lapse.

## **CURRENT STATUS OF PATENT APPLICATIONS**

In 2014, a PCT application was filed relating to SPIKE gene. From there, seven (7) National Phase patents were derived and filed in India, Philippines, Thailand USA, China, Vietnam and Brazil. On the other hand, JIRCAS 100% owns and manages the patent application filed in Japan.

| Filing Date | Filing Place | Application    | Publication | Publication Number | Publication Link in the WIPO website       | Status                  |
|-------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|--------------------|--|-------------------------|
|             |              | Number         | Date        |                    |  |                         |
| 26/08/2015  | India        | 7614/DELNP/20  | 22/01/2016  | 7614/DELNP/2015    | https://patentscope.wipo.int/search/en/det | Abandoned on 03/12/2017 |
|             |              | 15             |             |                    | ail.jsf?docId=IN211707905&redirectedI      |                         |
|             |              |                |             |                    | D=true                                     |                         |
| 03/02/2014  | Philippines  | 1/2015/501686  | 19/10/2015  | 1/2015/501686      | https://patentscope.wipo.int/search/en/det | Abandoned on 03/12/2017 |
|             |              |                |             |                    | ail.jsf?docId=PH203085385&recNum=3         |                         |
|             |              |                |             |                    | &office=&queryString=FP%3A%28Bree          |                         |
|             |              |                |             |                    | ding+Methods+for+Enhanced+Grain+Yi         |                         |
|             |              |                |             |                    | eld+and+Related+Materials+and+Metho        |                         |
|             |              |                |             |                    | ds%29&prevFilter=&sortOption=Pub+D         |                         |
|             |              |                |             |                    | ate+Desc&maxRec=4                          |                         |
| 03/02/2015  | Thailand     | 1501004378     | -           | -                  | -  | Abandoned on 27/07/2017 |
|             |              |                |             |                    |  |                         |
| 03/02/2014  | USA          | 14765339       | 31/12/2015  | 20150376638        | https://patentscope.wipo.int/search/en/det | Abandoned on 03/12/2017 |
|             |              |                |             |                    | ail.jsf?docId=US153999942&tab=NATI         |                         |
|             |              |                |             |                    | ONALBIBLIO&maxRec=1000                     |                         |
| 03/02/2014  | China        | 201480018617.4 | 27/01/2016  | 105283069          | https://patentscope.wipo.int/search/en/det | Abandoned 03/02/2017    |
|             |              |                |             |                    | ail.jsf?docId=CN159806534                  |                         |
| 03/02/2014  | Vietnam      | 1201503209     | 25/12/2015  | 45055              | https://patentscope.wipo.int/search/en/det | Abandoned 03/02/2017    |
|             |              |                |             |                    | ail.jsf?docId=VN202166976                  |                         |
| 31/07/2015  | Brazil       | BR 11 2015     | -           | -                  |  | Abandoned on 08/2016    |
|             |              | 018370 0       |             |                    |  |                         |

Furthermore, IRRI, as a non-profit international organization, promotes responsible technology transfer and intellectual property management, in accordance with its Intellectual Property and Commercialization Policy (IP&C Policy)<sup>1</sup> and with the CGIAR Principles on the Management of Intellectual Assets ("IA Principles")<sup>2</sup>.

<sup>1</sup>Available at http://books.irri.org/Approved-IPC-Policy-291017.pdf <sup>2</sup>Available at https://cgspace.cgiar.org/bitstream/handle/10947/4486/CGIAR%20IA%20Principles.pdf?sequence=5